

SECTION 1: Identification of the	ne substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product name	CPP H8 PURPLE BEERLINE CLEANER
Product number	CPPH8P
UFI	UFI: GCA6-90NW-KR0S-SM0K
1.2. Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	Cleaning of beerlines. For professional use only.
Uses advised against	Not for oral consumption. Must not be used where acid based chemicals are present.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the	ne safety data sheet
Supplier	Booker Equity House, Irthlingborough Road Wellingborough Northants. NN8 1LT 01933 371000
	Makro 97 Kingsway, Dunmurry Belfast. BT17 9NS 01933 371000
Manufacturer	Holchem Laboratories Limited. Gateway House, Pilsworth Road, Pilsworth Industrial Estate, Bury, Lancashire (UK) BL9 8RD. +44 (0) 1706 222288 +44 (0) 1706 221550 info@holchem.co.uk
1.4. Emergency telephone nur	nber
Emergency telephone	Out of Office Hours Emergency Information: - For accidents and spillages involving this product that pose a threat to the environment, or human health, or require immediate first aid advice please call: - 0870 190 6777. NOTE: This number will not provide technical details of the product, or deal with other general enquiries regarding application and use of the product. UK Environment Agency 24hour Advisory Service 0800 807060. This product is registered with the NPIS.
National emergency telephone	In case of a medical emergency following exposure to a chemical call NHS Direct 111.

number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards	Met. Corr. 1 - H290
Health hazards	Skin Corr. 1A - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411
2.2. Label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
	H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H290 May be corrosive to metals.
Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>P234 Keep only in original packaging.</li> <li>P273 Avoid release to the environment.</li> <li>P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.</li> <li>P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> <li>P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.</li> <li>Rinse skin with water or shower.</li> <li>P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</li> <li>P313 Get medical advice/ attention.</li> <li>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</li> </ul>
Supplemental label information	EUH031 Contact with acids liberates toxic gas.
Contains	SODIUM HYDROXIDE, SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION
Detergent labelling	< 5% chlorine-based bleaching agents, < 5% phosphates
Supplementary precautionary statements	P405 Store locked up.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB. Note:- H290 May be Corrosive to Metals Classification relates to Soft Metals such as Aluminium and Copper, when used correctly this product is not expected to be corrosive to 304 and 316 Stainless Steel.

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures		
SODIUM TRIPOLYPHOSPHATE		1-5%
CAS number: 7758-29-4	EC number: 231-838-7	
<b>Classification</b> Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335		

SODIUM HYDROXIDE	1-5%
CAS number: 1310-73-2	EC number: 215-185-5
Classification	
Met. Corr. 1 - H290	
Skin Corr. 1A - H314	
Eye Dam. 1 - H318	
SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE	SOLUTION 1 - <2%
CAS number: 7681-52-9	EC number: 231-668-3
M factor (Acute) = 10	M factor (Chronic) = 1
Classification	
Met. Corr. 1 - H290	
Skin Corr. 1B - H314	
Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400	
Aquatic Actie 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	
POTASSIUM PERMANGAN	NATE <1%
CAS number: 7722-64-7	EC number: 231-760-3
M factor (Acute) = 10	M factor (Chronic) = 10
Classification	
Ox. Sol. 2 - H272	
Acute Tox. 4 - H302	
Repr. 2 - H361	
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400	
Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410	
The full text for all hazard sta	tements is displayed in Section 16.
Composition comments	To the best of our knowledge, all of the substances used in this product are being supported for the relevent application in REACH.
SECTION 4: First aid measur	res
4.1. Description of first aid me	easures
General information	For immediate First Aid advice in the UK, dial 111. When it is safe to do so, remove victim
	immediately from source of exposure. However, consideration should be given as to whether moving the victim will cause further injury.
Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Provide rest, warmth and fresh air. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Get medical attention.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing that is not stuck to the skin. Flush area with clean water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

Eye contact	Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Promptly wash eyes with plenty of water while lifting the eyelids. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.	
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.	
4.2. Most important symptoms	and effects, both acute and delayed	
General information	Neat product may cause chemical burns and permanent eye damage. Dilute product may cause irritation to the skin and eyes.	
Inhalation	Unlikely route of exposure. Inhalation of sprayed droplets may result in soreness of the throat, mouth and nose. If mixed with acid products Chlorine Gas may be evolved, this can result in irritation to eyes and difficulty in breathing. If inhaled this may result in irritation to the mouth nose and respiratory tract.	
Ingestion	Unlikely route of exposure without deliberate abuse. If neat chemical is ingested, chemical burning of mouth, throat and GI tract will occur. If dilute chemical is ingested, soreness of mouth, throat and GI tract may occur together with redness and blistering.	
Skin contact	Causes severe burns.	
Eye contact	May result in permanent eye damage.	
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes for the doctor	Contains Sodium Hydroxide, Sodium Hypochlorite, Potassium Permanganate and Scale control agents in aqueous solution. Rinse well with water to neutral pH. If mixed with acidic material will produce Chlorine Gas, check for respiratory disorders.	
SECTION 5: Firefighting meas	sures	
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	This product will not support combustion and is not flammable. Use an extinguishing media suitable for surrounding materials.	
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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	Stop leak if possible without risk. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect spillage for reclamation or disposal in sealed containers via a licensed waste contractor. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol.
6.4. Reference to other section	ns
Reference to other sections	See sections 8,12 & 13
SECTION 7: Handling and sto	rage
7.1. Precautions for safe hand	lling
Usage precautions	Wear appropriate clothing to prevent any possibility of liquid contact and repeated or prolonged vapour contact. Refer to section 8.
7.2. Conditions for safe storag	e, including any incompatibilities
Storage precautions	Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place. Keep away from combustible material. Store between 0 and 30 Degrees C. Store away from the following materials: Acids.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	
Specific end use(s)	Detergent, refer to use instructions.
Usage description	This product is suitable for cleaning beerlines. However, after cleaning the solution must be rinsed away before beer is pumped and consumed.
SECTION 8: Exposure control	s/Personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

#### SODIUM HYDROXIDE

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Ingredient comments Where an exposure level is quoted, a risk assessment should consider if there is a need to monitor the atmosphere of the working environment. Results should be compared against the WEL and/or DNEL information provided. The Long Term WEL refers to total exposure of a worker to a specific substance averaged out over an 8 hour period. The Short Term WEL refers to a single exposure of a worker to a specific substance over a 15 minute period. If the Short Term WEL is exceeded and no Long Term Limit is set, further exposure during the working shift is not permitted. Further controls should be implemented to ensure that future exposure to the substance is reduced below the levels set before the activity is repeated/continued. Where no Short Term WEL exists, guidance from the HSE is to use a value of three times the Long Term WEL. The WEL limits are laid down in the EH40 list as supplied by the HSE. Where a worker is exposed to levels approaching a limit, further exposure control measures should be considered to reduce exposure to the substance. DNEL and/or PNEC information is supplied by manufacturers of substances in accordance with REACH legislation (Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006), and is used to provide suitable risk reduction measures to limit exposure of the user of the substance to a non hazardous level. If the measured level of exposure by a route divided by the DNEL for the route is greater than 1, then further exposure controls should be implemented as described in section 8.2. Where new information becomes available under REACH, this will be passed on as revisions to the Safety Data Sheet.

#### SODIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS: 1310-73-2)

DNEL	Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> DNEL data for Professional users is not yet available, but it is assumed to be the same as for Industrial users. Industry - Dermal; Short term local effects: 2%
PNEC	No information is available for PNEC data for Sodium Hydroxide
	SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION (CAS: 7681-52-9)
DNEL	Industry - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1.55 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 3.1 mg/m³ Industry - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 3.1 mg/m³ Industry - Dermal; Long term local effects: 0.5% wt/wt Industry - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 1.55 mg/m³
PNEC	- Intermittent release; 0.26 ug/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 0.21 ug/l - Sediment; 0.042 ug/l - Fresh water; 30 ug/l
8.2. Exposure controls	
Protective equipment	
Appropriate engineering controls	As this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits, if use generates dust, fumes, gas, vapour or mist.
Personal protection	The PPE indicated above is not a COSHH assessment. It represents PPE that should be considered during the manufacture, distribution, use and final disposal stages of this product's life cycle. It is the responsibility of employers to conduct a COSHH/risk assessment to determine appropriate PPE levels. The information given below should be used to support this assessment. Where possible replace manual processes with automated or closed processes to minimise contact with the product.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Refer to EN Standard 166 to select appropriate level of protection.
Hand protection	For prolonged skin contact use of gloves is recommended for chemicals. Rubber (natural, latex). Neoprene. Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). The expected use of this product is such that gloves with a breakthrough time of >60 minutes should be regarded as sufficient. Gloves should be inspected regularly for damage and replaced when necessary. Refer to Standard EN 374 and EN 16523
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible. Reference to EN 13832 and EN 943 is useful when selecting footwear and clothing.
Hygiene measures	Not applicable.
Respiratory protection	No specific recommendation made, but respiratory protection must be used if the general level exceeds the Workplace Exposure Limit. In the case of dust or aerosol formation (eg spraying), or vapour from hot vessels, use respiratory protection with an approved filter (P2).

Environmental exposure controls	Do not allow the substance to contaminate surface water/ground water. See points 6, 12 &13. Discharge of solutions into effluent systems (including municipal drains) or to surface water are expected to cause significant pH changes. Discharge of solutions should be carried out such that pH changes are minimised. Where necessary pH buffering measures should be adopted. Users of this product should consult local drainage and permitting authorities to ensure that any restrictions or discharge consents are adhered to.
General Health and Safety Measures.	Use solutions will have extreme pH and should be considered corrosive to skin. Use of gloves and eye protection is recommended. A full Risk Assessment should be carried out before handling any chemical(s). Risk Assessments should refer to COSHH, and any other relevant legislation or industry specific guidelines governing the use of chemicals. Mixing use solutions with acids will produce Chlorine gas.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic phys	ical and chemical properties
Appearance	Coloured liquid.
Colour	Purple.
Odour	Bleach
Odour threshold	Not applicable.
рН	pH (diluted solution): 11.5 - 12.5 @ 1%
Melting point	Not applicable.
Initial boiling point and range	Not applicable.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	Not applicable.
Evaporation factor	Not applicable.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable.
Vapour pressure	Not applicable.
Vapour density	Not applicable.
Relative density	1.07 @ 20 Degrees C
Bulk density	Not applicable.
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable.
Decomposition Temperature	Not applicable.
Viscosity	Not determined.
Explosive properties	Not applicable.
Explosive under the influence of a flame	Not considered to be explosive.
Oxidising properties	Classification in section 2 based on experience of product.

#### 9.2. Other information

Refractive index	Not applicable.	
Particle size	Not applicable.	
Molecular weight	Not applicable.	
Volatility	Not applicable.	
Saturation concentration	Not applicable.	
Critical temperature	Not applicable.	
Volatile organic compound	Not applicable.	
Explosive Properties	Not Classified as Explosive	
Storage Temperature Range	0 to +30 Degrees C	
SECTION 10: Stability and rea	activity	
10.1. Reactivity		
Reactivity	Will produce toxic Chlorine gas in contact with acids.	
10.2. Chemical stability		
Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended See note 10.6.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Refer to section 10.1. Do not mix with acids, this will generate heat and give off corrosive vapours.	
10.4. Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid	Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time. In contact with acids evolves Toxic Chlorine Gas.	
10.5. Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid	Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents. Flammable/combustible materials. Reaction with Aluminium, Zinc, Tin, Copper or their alloys produces flammable Hydrogen Gas Note: reaction relates to neat product.	
10.6. Hazardous decompositio	on products	
Hazardous decomposition products	The normal breakdown of this product will produce Chlorates, Oxygen and Sodium Chloride (salt), under acid conditions Chlorine can be produced.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological in	formation	
11.1. Information on toxicolog	ical effects	
Respiratory sensitisation		
Respiratory sensitisation	No evidence of respiratory sensitisation for any component of this formulation.	
Skin sensitisation Skin sensitisation	No evidence of skin sensitisation for any component of this formulation.	
Carcinogenicity Carcinogenicity	The components of this formulation are corrosive to skin and the respiratory tract, but will not be systemically available in the body under normal conditions of handling. As a consequence it is not expected to cause cancer.	
Reproductive toxicity		

Reproductive toxicity - fertility	The components of this formulation are corrosive to the skin and respiratory tract, but will not be systemically available in the body under normal conditions of use and handling. As a consequence it is not expected to be toxic to the reproductive system or the developing foetus. However, it must be noted that this product contains a component that is classified as "Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child". Normal use is not expected to pose a risk.
General information	Toxic effect linked with corrosive properties. See section 4.2.
Inhalation	Unlikely route of exposure. Inhalation of sprayed droplets may result in soreness of the throat, mouth and nose See section 4.2. Mixing with acid will evolve toxic Chlorine Gas.
Ingestion	Causes severe burns. May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach.
Skin contact	Causes severe burns.
Eye contact	Risk of serious damage to eyes. May cause permanent eye injury.
SECTION 12: Ecological inform	mation
Ecotoxicity	This product is classified as very toxic to aquatic life, this refers to the neat product. Normal use is not expected to pose a risk.
12.1. Toxicity	
Toxicity	Normal use is not expected to pose an ecological risk.
Acute aquatic toxicity Acute toxicity - fish	Normal use of the diluted product is not expected to pose any risk. See note 12.0
12.2. Persistence and degrada	ability
Persistence and degradability	This product consists solely of inorganic materials for which biodegradation assessment is not applicable.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potentia	<u>al</u>
Bioaccumulative potential	Not expected to bioaccumulate.
Partition coefficient	Not applicable.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
Mobility	The product contains substances which are water-soluble and may spread in water systems.
12.5. Results of PBT and vPv	3 assessment
Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
12.6. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects	Not determined.
SECTION 13: Disposal consid	erations
13.1. Waste treatment method	<u>Is</u>
General information	Do not mix with other chemicals. Mixing with acids will liberate toxic Chlorine Gas
Disposal methods	Dispose of in accordance with Local Authority requirements. Small volumes of use solution can be disposed of to sewers.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number		
UN No. (ADR/RID)	1719	
UN No. (IMDG)	1719	
UN No. (ICAO)	1719	
UN No. (ADN)	1719	
14.2. UN proper shipping name	e	
Proper shipping name (ADR/RID)	CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYDROXIDE, SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION)	
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYDROXIDE, SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION)	
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYDROXIDE, SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION)	
Proper shipping name (ADN)	CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYDROXIDE, SODIUM HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTION)	
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)		
ADR/RID class	8	
ADR/RID classification code	8	
ADR/RID label	8	
IMDG class	8	
ICAO class/division	8	
ADN class	8	

#### Transport labels



### 14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group	Ш
IMDG packing group	Ш
ICAO packing group	Ш
ADN packing group	Ш

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

#### Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user
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EmS

F-A, S-B 3

ADR transport category

## Hazard Identification Number 80

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (E)

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

National regulations	nvironmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture UK adoption and implementation of the UN Globally Harmonised System (GHS) on
	Classification and Labelling of Chemical (GB CLP - SI 2020 No. 1567) and the adoption of UK REACH (SI 2020 No. 1577)
EU legislation	REACH Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 (which amends Regulation (EC) No 453/2010 & 1907/2006) EU GHS: CLP - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Classification, Labelling & Packaging of Substances & Mixtures.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

### SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	<ul> <li>(EC) No. 1272/2008 : EU Regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Substances and Mixtures.</li> <li>COSHH - Control of Substances Hazardous to Health.</li> <li>DNEL - Derived No Effect Limit.</li> <li>Industry - Refers in section 8 to application of the substance in an industrial process.</li> <li>NPIS - National Poisons Information Service.</li> <li>PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative &amp; Toxic.</li> <li>Professional - Refers in section 8 to application/use of the preparation/product in a skilled trade premises.</li> <li>REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation &amp; restriction of CHemicals (Regulation EC 1907/2006).</li> <li>vPvB - Very Persistent, Very bioaccumulative.</li> </ul>
General information	Only trained personnel should use this material. This document is a Safety Data Sheet, NOT a CoSHH assessment. It is the customer's responsibility to conduct a full CoSHH assessment, taking into account the information held within this document along with other local factors considered in a risk assessment. The Risk and Hazard statements listed below are the full text of abbreviations used in this document. They are not the final classification, for this refer to section 2.
Revision comments	Formulation and SDS review with no change in classification Addition of Unique Formula Identifier Code (UFI) Update to address in Section 1. Amendment to the emergency phone number in Section 1.4. Update to regulation information - Section 15.
Revision date	18/05/2022
SDS number	11792

Hazard statements in full	<ul> <li>H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.</li> <li>H290 May be corrosive to metals.</li> <li>H302 Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.</li> <li>H315 Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>H318 Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</li> <li>H335 May cause respiratory irritation.</li> <li>H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.</li> <li>H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.</li> <li>H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> <li>H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li> </ul>
REACH extended MSDS comments	REACH requires that persons handling chemicals should take the necessary risk management measures, in accordance with assessments from manufacturers and importers of chemical substances. The relevent recommendations must be passed along the supply chain. These assessments are generally reported in Exposure Scenarios. Where Exposure Scenarios have been provided for substances used in this product, the relevent information is incorporated into the safety data sheet.
END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET	

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.