

SAFETY DATA SHEET CPP H29 TOILET RENOVATOR AND DESCALER

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name CPP H29 TOILET RENOVATOR AND DESCALER

Product number CPPH29 6x1

UFI: 9E3N-CNP1-510N-NPUS

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Acidic Detergent. For professional use only.

Uses advised against Not for Direct Oral Consumption. Must not be used where Hypochlorite based chemicals

(Bleach) are present.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Booker

Equity House, Irthlingborough Road

Wellingborough Northants. NN8 1LT 01933 371000

Makro

97 Kingsway, Dunmurry Belfast. BT17 9NS 01933 371000

Manufacturer UK - Holchem Laboratories Ltd. Gateway House, Pilsworth Road,

Bury, BL9 8RD

Tel: +44 (0) 1706 222288; e-mail info@holchem.co.uk EU - Kersia Deutschland GmbH, Marie-Curie-Straße 23

53332 Bornheim - Sechtem

Tel: +44 (0)1706 222288 / +49 (0)222 790 820

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone Out of Office Hours Emergency Information: - For accidents and spillages involving this

product that pose a threat to the environment, or human health, or require immediate first aid

advice please call: - 0870 190 6777.

NOTE: This number will not provide technical details of the product, or deal with other general enquiries regarding application and use of the product. UK Environment Agency 24hour

Advisory Service 0800 807060. This product is registered with the NPIS.

National emergency telephone In case of a medical emergency following exposure to a chemical call NHS Direct 111. number

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

Physical hazards Met. Corr. 1 - H290

Health hazards Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 2 - H411

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

Precautionary statements P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves, eye and face protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.

Rinse skin with water or shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P313 Get medical advice/ attention.

P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

Contains PHOSPHORIC ACID, ETHOXYLATED ALKYL AMINES, HYDROCHLORIC ACID

Detergent labelling ≥ 30% phosphates, < 5% non-ionic surfactants

Supplementary precautionary

statements

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P405 Store locked up.

2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

PHOSPHORIC ACID 30-60%

Classification

Met. Corr. 1 - H290 Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318

ETHOXYLATED ALKYL AMINES

1 - <2%

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

HYDROCHLORIC ACID 1-5%

CAS number: 7647-01-0 EC number: 231-595-7

Classification

Met. Corr. 1 - H290 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 STOT SE 3 - H335

ALKYL AMINE <1%

Classification

Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Skin Corr. 1B - H314 Eye Dam. 1 - H318 STOT SE 3 - H335 STOT RE 2 - H373 Asp. Tox. 1 - H304 Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

Composition comments To the best of our knowledge, all of the substances used in this product are being supported

for the relevent application in REACH.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information When it is safe to do so, remove victim immediately from source of exposure. However,

consideration should be given as to whether moving the victim will cause further injury. For

immediate First Aid advice in the UK, dial 111.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and

keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If breathing stops, provide

artificial respiration. Get medical attention.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Place unconscious person on the

side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Get medical attention.

Skin contact Remove contaminated clothing that is not stuck to the skin. Flush area with clean water.

Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation persists after

washing.

Eye contact Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Rinse immediately with plenty of

water. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention.

Protection of first aidersFirst aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information The information given here relates to the neat chemical, dilutions may also cause chemical

burns to skin and permanent eye damage.

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled. If mixed with Hypochlorite based products (Bleach) Chlorine Gas may be

evolved, this can result in irritation to eyes and difficulty in breathing. If inhaled this may result

in irritation to the mouth, nose and respiratory tract.

Ingestion Unlikely route of exposure without deliberate abuse. If neat chemical is ingested, chemical

burning of mouth, throat and GI tract will occur. Similar but less severe symptoms will be seen

if dilute chemical is ingested.

Skin contact Causes severe burns.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Rinse well with water to neutral pH. If mixed with bleach will produce Chlorine Gas, check for

respiratory disorders.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media The product is non-combustible. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards In contact with some metals (Aluminium, Zinc and their Alloys) Hydrogen Gas is formed,

which may form an explosive mixture with air. Note - Comment refers to neat product. Contact

with Sodium Hypochlorite liberates toxic Chlorine Gas.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Protective clothing and respiratory protection should be worn when tackling fires involving this product. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses.

Special protective equipment

for firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Spillages or uncontrolled discharges into watercourses must be reported immediately to the

Environmental Agency or other appropriate regulatory body.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

Stop leak if possible without risk. Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections See sections 8,12 & 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Usage precautions Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Refer to section 8 for advice.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Keep container tightly closed. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated

place. Store in a demarcated bunded area to prevent release to drains and/or watercourses. Store between 0 and 40 Degrees C. Keep away from chlorinated and alkaline products.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s)

Acidic Detergent, Descaler. Refer to Product Information Sheet for use instructions.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

PHOSPHORIC ACID

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 2 mg/m³

HYDROCHLORIC ACID

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1 ppm 2 mg/m³ Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 5 ppm 8 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Ingredient comments

Where an exposure level is quoted, a risk assessment should consider if there is a need to monitor the atmosphere of the working environment. Results should be compared against the WEL and/or DNEL information provided. The Long Term WEL refers to total exposure of a worker to a specific substance averaged out over an 8 hour period.

The Short Term WEL refers to a single exposure of a worker to a specific substance over a 15 minute period.

If the Short Term WEL is exceeded and no Long Term Limit is set, further exposure during the working shift is not permitted. Further controls should be implemented to ensure that future exposure to the substance is reduced below the levels set before the activity is repeated/continued. Where no Short Term WEL exists, guidance from the HSE is to use a value of three times the Long Term WEL.

The WEL limits are laid down in the EH40 list as supplied by the HSE. Where a worker is exposed to levels approaching a limit, further exposure control measures should be considered to reduce exposure to the substance. Where new information becomes available under REACH, this will be passed on as revisions to the Safety Data Sheet.

PHOSPHORIC ACID (CAS: 7664-38-2)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 1 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Short term local effects: 2 mg/m³
Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 10.7 mg/m³
Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.1 mg/kg/day

Consumer - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 0.36 mg/m³
Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 4.57 mg/m³

HYDROCHLORIC ACID (CAS: 7647-01-0)

DNEL Workers - Inhalation; Acute local effects: 15 mg/m³

Workers - Inhalation; Long term local effects: 8 mg/m³

PNEC - Fresh water; 36 μg/l

- marine water; 36 μg/l

- Intermittent release; 45 μg/l

- STP; 36 μg/l

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment









Appropriate engineering controls

If use of this product generates dust, mists, vapours or fumes, process enclosures or local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls should be used to keep worker exposure below any statutory or recommended limits quoted in this msds or other data sources.

Personal protection

The PPE indicated above is not a COSHH assessment. It represents PPE that should be considered during the manufacture, distribution, use and final disposal stages of this product's life cycle. It is the responsibility of employers to conduct a COSHH/risk assessment to determine appropriate PPE levels. The information given below should be used to support this assessment. Where possible replace manual processes with automated or closed processes to minimise contact with the product.

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. It is advised that for normal use of this product, eye protection (safety glasses or goggles) and gloves should be used. During manufacture and packaging stages full face protection should be used. It is the responsibility of employers to conduct a COSHH assessment and determine the level of PPE required, the above is simply a recommendation. Refer to EN Standard 166 to select appropriate level of protection.

Hand protection

Rubber (natural, latex). Polyvinyl chloride (PVC). The expected use of this product is such that gloves with a breakthrough time of >60 minutes should be regarded as sufficient. Gloves should be inspected regularly for damage and replaced when necessary. Refer to Standard EN 374 and EN 16523

Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible. Reference to EN 13832 and EN 943 is useful when selecting footwear and clothing.

Hygiene measures

Not applicable.

Respiratory protection

Ensure adequate ventilation, do not breathe in spray or vapours.

Environmental exposure controls

Do not allow the substance to contaminate surface water/ground water. See points 6, 12 &13.

General Health and Safety Measures.

A full Risk Assessment should be carried out before handling any chemical(s). Risk Assessments should refer to COSHH, and any other relevant legislation or industry specific guidelines governing the use of chemicals. We recommend use of gloves and eye protection for normal use of this product. Note: Mixing use solutions with Bleach or other Sodium Hypochlorite based products will produce toxic Chlorine gas.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Clear liquid. **Appearance**

Colour Blue. Odour Acidic.

Odour threshold Not applicable.

Ηq pH (diluted solution): 1 - 2 @ 1%

Melting point Less than 0 Degrees C

Initial boiling point and range Not applicable.

Flash point Not applicable. Contains no Flammable Components

Evaporation rate Not applicable. **Evaporation factor** Not applicable. Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

Vapour pressure Not applicable. Not applicable. Vapour density

Relative density 1.17 @ Degrees C

Bulk density Not applicable. Solubility(ies) Soluble in water.

Partition coefficient Not applicable. Technically not feasible.

Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable. **Decomposition Temperature** Not applicable. Viscosity Not determined. **Explosive properties** Not applicable.

Explosive under the influence

of a flame

Not considered to be explosive.

Oxidising properties Not applicable. Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

9.2. Other information

Refractive index Not applicable. Particle size Not applicable. Molecular weight Not applicable. Volatility Not applicable. Saturation concentration Not applicable. Revision date: 09/11/2022

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Critical temperature Not applicable.

Volatile organic compound Not applicable.

Explosive Properties Not Classified as Explosive

Storage Temperature Range 0 to +40 Degrees C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity Stable under normal temperature conditions and recommended use. Avoid contact with

caustic/alkaline material; this will generate heat and potentially corrosive vapour. Avoid contact with bleach and other hypochlorite based products; this will produce toxic Chlorine

gas.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. - See note 10.6.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

Refer to section 10.1. Do not mix with Hypochlorite based chemicals, this will result in the

generation of toxic chlorine gas.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid excessive heat for prolonged periods of time.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid Contact with Hypochlorite based products will liberate Toxic Chlorine Gas.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

ATE oral (mg/kg) 26,315.79

Respiratory sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisationNo evidence of respiratory sensitisation for any component of this formulation.

Skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation No evidence of skin sensitisation for any component of this formulation.

Carcinogenicity

Carcinogenicity The components of this formulation will not be systemically available in the body under normal

conditions of handling. As a consequence it is not expected to cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Reproductive toxicity - fertility The components of this formulation will not be systemically available in the body under normal

conditions of use and handling. As a consequence it is not expected to be toxic to the

reproductive system or developing foetus.

General information See section 4.2.

Inhalation May cause damage to mucous membranes in nose, throat, lungs and bronchial system.

Mixing with Bleach will evolve Toxic Chlorine Gas.

Ingestion May cause chemical burns in mouth, oesophagus and stomach.

Skin contact Causes burns.

Eye contact Risk of serious damage to eyes. May cause permanent eye injury. - See section 4.2.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Ecotoxicity This product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude

the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the

environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity Normal use is not expected to pose an ecological risk.

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish See note 12.0.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The surfactant(s) used in this preparation complies (comply) with the biodegradability criteria

as laid down in the European Detergents Regulation No 648/2004 as amended.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential Not expected to bioaccumulate.

Partition coefficient Not applicable. Technically not feasible.

12.4. Mobility in soil

MobilityThe product contains substances which are water soluble and may spread in water systems.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not determined.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

General information When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be

considered. Do not mix with other chemicals. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental

protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1760
UN No. (IMDG) 1760
UN No. (ICAO) 1760
UN No. (ADN) 1760

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS PHOSPHORIC ACID, ETHOXYLATED ALKYL

(ADR/RID) AMINES)

Proper shipping name (IMDG) CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS PHOSPHORIC ACID, ETHOXYLATED ALKYL

AMINES, ALKYL AMINE)

Proper shipping name (ICAO) CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS PHOSPHORIC ACID, ETHOXYLATED ALKYL

AMINES)

Proper shipping name (ADN) CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (CONTAINS PHOSPHORIC ACID, ETHOXYLATED ALKYL

AMINES)

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 8

ADR/RID classification code C9

ADR/RID label 8

IMDG class 8

ICAO class/division 8

ADN class 8

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

ADR/RID packing group II

IMDG packing group

ICAO packing group

ADN packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant



14.6. Special precautions for user

EmS F-A, S-B

ADR transport category 2

Emergency Action Code 2X

Hazard Identification Number

(ADR/RID)

Tunnel restriction code (E)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

80

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Revision date: 09/11/2022

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15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Classification and Labelling of Chemical (GB CLP - SI 2020 No. 1567) and the adoption of UK

REACH (SI 2020 No. 1577)

EU legislation REACH Regulation (EU) No 2015/830 (which amends Regulation (EC) No 453/2010 &

1907/2006)

EU GHS: CLP - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Classification, Labelling & Packaging of

Substances & Mixtures.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

(EC) No. 1272/2008: EU Regulation on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of

Substances and Mixtures.

NPIS - National Poisons Information Service.

PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative & Toxic.

vPvB - Very Persistent, Very bioaccumulative.

REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation & restriction of CHemicals (Regulation EC

1907/2006).

DNEL - Derived No Effect Limit.

PNEC - Predicted No Effect Concentration.

COSHH - Control of Substances Hazardous to Health.

Industry - Refers in section 8 to application of the substance in an industrial process.

Professional - Refers in section 8 to application/use of the preparation/product in a skilled

trade premises.

General information

This document is a Safety Data Sheet, NOT a CoSHH assessment. It is the customer's responsibility to conduct a full CoSHH assessment, taking into account the information held within this document along with other local factors considered in a risk assessment. Only trained personnel should use this material. The Risk and Hazard statements listed below are the full text of abbreviations used in this document. They are not the final classification, for

this refer to section 2.

Revision comments

Formulation and SDS review with no change in classification Addition of Unique Formula Identifier Code (UFI) Update to address in Section 1. Amendment to the emergency phone number in Section 1.4. Update to regulation information - Section 15.

Revision date 09/11/2022

Hazard statements in full

H290 May be corrosive to metals.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

REACH extended MSDS comments

REACH requires that persons handling chemicals should take the necessary risk management measures, in accordance with assessments from manufacturers and importers of chemical substances. The relevent recommendations must be passed along the supply chain. These assessments are generally reported in Exposure Scenarios. Where Exposure Scenarios have been provided for substances used in this product, the relevent information is incorporated into the safety data sheet.

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use. All composition information is based on suppliers data.